tion to Mr. Sherwood's eligibiliy. Upon their part the Republicans submitted to the court an affidavit from John F. Parkhurst, While it has received from them declaring that he had demanded of the State Board of Canvassers that certificates of election should be issued to Senator-elect Derby, Peck and Sherwood.

In support of the stipulation Judge Edwards issued five orders-first, the matter of a mandamus to Frank Rice, on the application of Franklin D. Sherwood against Frank Rice, to compel him to show papers attached to the Steuben County re turns by the Steuben County Board of Supervisors second, in the matter of the mandamus against the State Board of Canvassers, restraining it from the highest confidence, and invite from you what has always been cheerfully accorded, a respect for the highest judicial tribunal of the State,

EDWARD MURPHY, JR., Chairman.

D. G. GRIFFIN, Chairman of Executive Committee,
S. A. Beardsley, Secretary.

Albany, Dec. 7, 1891. acting on any extraneous matter in the Sherwood matter; third, the matter of the mandamus of the application of William C. Daley and John I. Platt, as relators for Gilbert A. Deane, deceased, against the State Board of Canvassers, restraining it from counting the election figures on the Mylod cer-tificates from Dutchess County : fourth, the matter of the mandamus against the State Board of Canvassers, restraining it from issuing any certificate to any person except Rufus T, Peck; fifth the matter THE PARTISAN GOVERNOR'S LATEST ACT of the mandamus to compel the State Board of Canvassers to issue a certificate of election to John H. Derby, Republican candidate for Senator INDIGNATION IN DUTCHESS COUNTY-A DESPAIR in the XVIth District.

The papers in the cases were submitted to the General Term of the Supreme Court this afternoon by Mr. Hale, Mr. Maynard and Mr. McCurdy, and piles of Elmira was played by him to-day when he were by agreement passed on at once to the removed County Clerk Theodore A. Hoffman because he would not sign a tabulated statement of the vote of Dutchess County which by both Judge Edwards Court of Appeals. The papers will be submitted to the Court of Appeals to-morrow, and that body will be asked to hear argument upon the and Judge Barnard has been declared to be a fraudt cases at an early day. It is believed that the lent one. It was not the refusal of Mr. Hoffman to Court of Appeals will listen to the argument in Court of Appeals will listen to the argument in of votes that brought about his removal, anywhere the cases next week, Tuesday or Wednesday, and will hand down decisions upon them before near so much as the fact that he was a Republican and refused to do the dirty work of the chief conspirathe State Board of Canvassers to act upon the tor against the voters who elected Republicans to Christmas Day. This will give ample time for the sents which Hill and his heelers now are try ing to steal. The order removing Mr. Hoffman from office reached here this morning four remaining election district returns. The State Board of Canvassers met this morning

and again this afternoon, each time holding five-

minute session. This evening its members held

a secret session in the office of the Secretary of State, and then announced that the Board would hour or two and it was made up mainly of efforts to stand in recess," until summoned together untangle the cobwebs from the brain of E. Wright Secretary of State Rice. This action of the State Board of Canvassers action of the State Board of Canvassers would indicate that it has lost faith in Mr. Countryman's wonderful discovery, that it can only consider the State election returns for a period of five days, a period which expires at minnight to-night. It would, therefore, appear that the members of the State Board of Canvassers acquiesce in the proposal to settle the disputed election cases in the courts. There is a strong suspicion that the members of the Board are sometiment of the state cretely pleased with this arrangement, and that the only man who is displeased with it is David

Mr. Hill relieved his auger over the failure of his plans to "count in" a Democratic Senator from the Dutchess District by removing Clerk Hoffman, of Dutchess County, because his did not sign the false election certificate from that county addressed to the State Board of Canvassers. county addressed to the State Board of Canvassers Mr. Hills days of malignant action are numbered. The people of this State will be cursed by his holding the office of Governor only twenty-four days longer. His removal of Mr. Hoffman is termed "malignant" because it palpably is so. Judge Barnard, of the Supreme Court, on Satuday, declared from the bench that the Board of Supervisors of Dutchess County had not obeyed the election laws when they made out the elec-Supervisors of Dutchess County had not obeyed the election laws when they made out the election returns which they sent to Albany, and yet Mr. Hill removes Mr. Hoffman because he would not commit perjury and declare that this fraudlent returns was a true transcript of the election returns of Dutchess County. Mr. Hoffman would have deserved removal if he had signed such returns. What makes Mr. Hill's temper the more obvious is the fact that Mr. Hoffman's term expir's with the month, and his Democratic successor as County Clerk must obey the order of Judge Barnard and send correct election returns from Dutchess County to the State Capitol. Mr. Hill filed an opinion with his order in Mr. Hoffman's case, in which he endeavors to justify his action in removing the Clerk. It was as butter and partisan as if it had been drawn up by a ward heeler instead of the Governor of the State. In this document Mr. Hill maintains that Mr. Hoffman was bound to affix his signature to the fraudulent certificate. He says:

This proceeding for his removal has no effect upon th nandamus case. It neither helps nor hurts it. His ection is not justified or excused by Judge Barnard's subsequent order directing a recount by the Canvassing Board. The clerk had no right to anticipate that de-cision. He could not usurp the functions of the court. . County Clerks throughout the State must be given to understand that they are only ministerial officers and not above the law, and they must carry out the plain provisions of the statute in election matters as well as in everything else, regardless of political considerations or

THE WAIL OF BEATEN CONSPIRATORS. A MELANCHOLY ADDRESS FROM THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

Albany, Dec. 7.—Daniel G. Griffin, chairman of the executive committee of the Democratic State Commit-

tee, gave out the following address to night:

To the people of the State of New-York.

The Democratic State Committee believes it is due to you that there should be presented at this time a brief statement of the position of the Democratic party with respect to the contested Senatorial and Assembly elections and of the present status of affairs relating thereto.

with respect to the contested Senatorial and Assembly elections and of the present status of affairs relating thereto.

At the close of the election there had apparently been elected sixty-five regular Democrats to the Assembly, sixty-one regular Republicans and two Independent Democrats. The Board of Supervisors in Sullivan County, a majority of which was composed of Republicans, immediately set to work to defeat the election of the Democratic Member of Assembly in that county by issuing a certificate of election to the Republican candidate, who had been defeated. Steps were taken Immediately to frustrate that purpose of the Republican candidately to frustrate that purpose of the Republicans, and the Supreme Court, after a hearing of the facts, directed the Board of Supervisors of Sullivan County to reconvene and receivas the vote in such legal manner as would inevitably lead to the election of the Pimocratic member. An appeal was taken by the Republicans from that decision to the General Term, and on the case coming on for argument in that court last Friday, the Republicans relactaintly recognized the falsity of their position by withdrawing their appeal and allowing the ord repreciously granted by Justice Putsman to go into effect. In pursuance thereof, the Board of Supervisors of Sullivan County on Saturday last reconvened, recanvassed the vote and awarded the certificates to Mr. Peakes, the Democratic member, this assuring beyond any doubt a Democratic member of Assembly, in Onondaga County, and we hope that our majority in the Assembly will be still further increased by a judicial decision in favor of the Democratic contestant in that district.

The Board of State Canvassers have now awarded penderate benutors, to thirteen regularly nominated the pub

from Democratic sources, remained unanswered until the Governor of the State had the county to organize in hee city of Syracuse an extraordinary special term of the supreme Court, from which was likely to proceed decisions devoid of political prejudices. On discovering that, the counsel for Republican contestants manifested a will inguess to accept that proposition and their communication to that effect was at once adopted by Democratic coursel. Undoubtedly this acceptance by Republican counsel was bastened also by the course pursued by the Governor with respect to Republican county slowly who were refusing to other the Republican county slowly who were refusing to other the Republican county clock in Ononduga County and another in Dutchess County had been removed for a refusal to perform their plain duty did the Republicans seem to be fully applied that any attempt on their part through official power to unlifty the will of the people would be promptly met by courageous apposition from a Democratic Executive. To-day, by a mutual arrangement between the counsel for the respective parties, all disputed questions relative to the Senatorial contests have been transferred to the court of nat resort for its decision. The position of the Democratic party from the beginning has thus been vindiented, and a means provided by which it can be determined whether it has lawfully secured a majority in the Senate, which can peyer be properly questioned by its most malevolent opponents. It would manifestly be improper to say more than this in anticipation of the action of the courts, but in the rectitude of our position we feel

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE Mantels, INSURANCE COMPANY, From organization in 1846 to Jan.

And now holds for their protection 58,747,707.44

only\$164,258,948.77

PHILIP S. MILLER, General Agent

for New-York City and Vicinity and New-Jersey,

1 Wall St., New-York City.

CLERK HOFFMAN REMOVED.

ING DEMOCRATIC TRICK.

political trick of which David B. Hill has been guilty

since he peddled \$10 bills and votes behind the wood

It was only a few words and merely stated that

charges had been made against him and after a hearing

he had been removed. The hearing lasted only an

Vall, who made the charges against the County Clerk

The most intense Democrat did not think on Satur day, after Judge Barnard's decision had been read,

that Governor Hill would stoop to such a thing as the

removal of the County Clerk on the charges which have

been proved to be absolutely groundless. What Mr. Hoffman did was what any law-abiding official would

legality to a fraudulent act. If he had signed the fraudulent table which Vall, John J. Mylod and "Jim"

Hivekley manufactured he would have been liable to indictment under the Penal Code. David B. Hill knew

this, however, when he called Mr. Hoffman before him

and while the farce of a hearing was being conducted

be was informed by telegraph that Judge Earnard had declared the table to be an in-

correct and fraudulent one. This did not make any

difference to Hill. Mr. Hoffman had stood in the way

of this piece of highway robbery and Mr. Hoffman

day. Democrats who had not believed that Hill would go to this length were astounded at his audacity. They

knew that he was an unscrupulous politician, but they

could not think that he would go to this extremity to

reach a political end. They were not more surprised

at this, however, than they were at the action of

Storm Emans, who was elected County Clerk over Mr.

Hoffman last month, simply because he was a popular

young man, who consented to fill the shoes of his

opporent at this juncture. Mr. Emans lost many friends by this action of his, and his apparent willingness to do Hill's bidding

has injured him materially. Mr. Riggs, the Deputy

County Clerk under Mr. Hoffman, resigned his place instantly. He declared that he would not remain in the office longer. This was just what

the Democrats wanted, and Emans immediately named John J. Mylod Deputy County Clerk, and Mylod

was sufficiently small-minded to take the office.

He acted to-day at the meeting of the County Can-

vassers, which was called under the mandamus issued

on Saturday last by Judge Barnard. The mandamus

compelled the Board to meet at 2 o'clock, but at that

hour neither the new County Clerk nor his deputy

Democrats would not do it. They evidently were waiting for something to turn up. This did turn up

in the shape of a stay of proceedings in the case of

the recount of the votes for Senator, the counsel for

the Democrats on the Board rushing into the room

and serving it upon Chairman Howatt three-quarters

of an hour after the board should have declared

the correct vote for Senator. The stay had been obtained from Judge Stephen S. Mayhew, of Albany, on an affidavit made by the coun-

sel for the Democrats on the Board this morning.

wonder, for he could not have done so on any of the

The production of this stay created a stir in the

Board. Frank J. Rickert, the Democratic lawyer, who

effect.

Isaac W. Sherrill, the Republican candidate for County Treasurer, who was counted out by the same votes which were stolen from Mr. Deane, was to-day declared elected. This was brought about by an order of Judge Barnard's, granted this morning, compelling the Board to count the "marked" ballots as they were

BRIEF SESSION OF CONNECTICUT'S SENATE.

COTY ELECTION IN ROCKVILLE, CONN.

(Dem.) as Mayor by 34 majority over Harris (Rep.)

Nearly the entire Democratic city tirket was elected

TO BE JUDGE IN OSWEGO COUNTY.

The Brooklyn Young Republican Club's officers we

elected at a meeting of the Advisory Committee last evening. John Lefferts, ir., presided. The result of the election was the choice of the following: President.

A. Schieren; vice-presidents, W. B.

Charles A. Schleren; Vice presidents, W. B. Boston, J. F. Dallas and S. M. Griswold; secretary, F. B. Bassett; treasurer, Chester B. Lawrence; Executive Committee, William H. Williams, D. G. Harriman, Charles Pierce and George E. Marshall. Z. Nelson Allen was

The fourth annual election of officers of the Hamilton Republican Club was held last evening at the club's new parters, No. 217 West One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. Only one ticket was nominated, which was as follows:

President, T. C. Campbell; first vice-president, J. Colter; second vice-president, S. B. Stiles; corresponding and linancial secretary, Charles Skinner; recording secretary,

William E. Curtis; treasurer, J. Rockwell Fay; gover-nors for three years, terms to expire December, 1891, Roger Poster, Edward F. O'Dwyer, Thomas E. Crimmins,

hosen chairman of the Advisory Committee.

place of Judge Wright, resigned.

Hartford, Conn., Dec. 7.-The Senate met at 2:30

How he got to Albany and back with it to-day is

appeared in the meeting-room.

regular trains.

The removal created intense excitement

therefore, had to go.

the chief conspirator on Saturday last

upon which Mr. Hoffman was removed.

Poughkeepsle, Dec. 7.—The meanest and smallest

\$145,835,390.80

.....\$204,583,098.24

1, 1891, has paid to policy hold-

It has earned for its policy holders

a gain over premium payments

tafter paying all expenses and

A total of.....

or 24.55 per cent.



Open Fireplaces,

Tiles,

WM-H-JACKSON-& O UNION SQUARE(NORTH.) COT. Broadway.

Only concern in our line having its ewn foundri Buy of the maker. Established ever 60 years No old stock. Everything made satisfactory.

pire December, 1893, Gilbert D. Lamb pire December, 1893, Gilbert D. Lamb.

A desultory effort was made by some of the anti-Tammany members to defeat Thomas E. Crimmins for governor, with Thomas O. Bell, of No 100 East Eighty-third-st., but the Tammany contingent was out in sufficient force to carry the brother of John D. Crimmins, the contractor, through by a vote of more than 4 to 1. In the interest of peace and harmony, the Tammany managers refused to re-taliate by running a candidate against Mr. Lamb, who had compromised on the two years' term. They, however, assert that they have such a majority in the club that they an do as they please with it.

THE NEWARK ELECTION CASES.

THE REPUBLICAN PROTESTS OVERRULED ON TECHNICAL GROUNDS-DISAPPOINTMENT

OVER THE DECISIONS. Trenton, Dec. 7 (Special) .- In the Supreme Court to my Justice Dixon handed down decisions in the conested election cases of Herman E. Lehlbach (Rep.) against Joseph E. Haynes (Dem.), for the office of Mayor of Newark. The decisions are against Lehlbach on legal poin's under the election laws. The opinious are long and hold that Mr. Lehlbach has failed to show statutory grounds to warrant the ordering of a contest, and consequently the Circuft Court at Newark is advised to dismiss the suit. One etition submitted to the Circuit Court, and fortified by affidavits showing fraud and corruption, asked for an nvestigation of the Mayoralty election, and another petition, signed by leading citizens, asked for a re-The matter was referred by Circuit Judge Depue, to the Supreme Court, which has now decided against both petitions on statutory grounds.

In the decision rendered by the Court the question alsed by the Democratic lawyers in opposition to an nvestigation and recount, namely, that the case was not within the statutes, is considered. The Court holds that the allegations made by the petitioners are 00 vague, that the statements made are insufficient and do not show that what was alleged could have hanged the result, that there was nothing to indicate now the fraudulent voters had voted, without which showing the Court could not say that these illegal votes were sufficient to change the result. As the Court understood the statutes, it was not merely necesto show that the plurality declared for the incumbent is erroneous, but to show that another than he was the person legally elected. Unless the peti-tion stated circumstances which prima facie rendered this conclusion probable, it did not present a case within the law

"The difficulty," said the Court, "springs from the "The difficulty," said the Court, "springs from the terms of the statute in accordance with which we must proceed in this statutory investigation." The Court adds: "In my judgment, the petition falls to set forth with reasonable particularity circumstances sufficient to render probable any statutory grounds of contest, and therefore the Circuit Court should be advised to dismiss the same." The first petition was filed under the statute of 1876, and the second under the Wertz ballot law of 1870. The latter was ordered dismissed, the Court holding that by the Twelfth Section of the Supplement to the law, the towns, election districts and voling precincts are synonymous and denote the territory within which there is a polling place.

The action of the Court was received with great surprise in Newark yesterday, and disappointment and chagrin were expressed that the investigation and recount should have been defeated on technical grounds notwithstanding the numerous affidavits submitted and the proofs in the hands of the Republican managers showing the fraudulent character of the election. Today, in accordance with the instructions of the Supreme Court, Judge Depue in the Circuit Court here will call up the election cases and dismiss them, thus putting an end to the election contest. It is not known what further action will be taken by the Republican lawyers, but as the statutory time for a contest has expired, new proceedings of the same character cannot be begun.

THE OHIO SENATORSHIP. J. C. KOUNTZ, FORMERLY HEAD OF THE G. A. R.,

IS FOR SHERMAN-PORAKER CONFIDENT. Commander J. C. Kountz, of the Grand Army of the Republic, is pronounced in his utterances on the choice Mr. Kountz, who is popular with the old soldiers, says that he is under no obligations to either Senator Sherman or ex-Governor Fornker. During his service in the Grand Army Mr. Kountz, as a member of the finance committee, made several trips to Washington. "No man of either branch of Congress," said he to-day. "did more for the numerous pension propositions than did senator sherman. Most of the National appointments made on the recommendation of Mr. Sherman were old soldiers. There is no doubt that a large majority of the old soldiers favor the return of Senator Sherman to the Senate." Mr. Kountz, who lives in Lucas County, states that Messrs. Heller and Flickinger,

Board. Frank J. Rickert, the Democratic lawyer, who represents the town of Fishkill apon it, became exceedingly angry at the tricky attempt to get around Judge Barnard's order. He talked plainly to his fellow Demé crate, and demanded to know upon what authority they had sent a man to Albany to engage in litigation at the expense of the county. He did not think that it was showing proper respect for Judge Barnard. Evidently a large number of men agreed with him, for when he said that this thing had been carried on long enough, and he, for one, would not be further led by the nose by Vail. the applause was most hearty.

As soon as papers could be made out Robert F. Wilkinsm, the autorney for the Republicans, appeared before Judge Barnard and obtained from him an order compelling the Democrats to show cause in Brocklyn to-morrow morning, before Judge Pratt, why Judge Mayhew's stay should not be set aside, and the mandanus granted by Judge Barnard go into immediate effect.

Issae W. Sherrill, the Republican candidate for Country Towards. able doubt, are sure to vote for Mr. Sherman Ex.Governor Foralter, who has been called to the at his rooms to-night. He expressed confidence in his ability to scure the caucus nomination for Senator, but declines to give any estimate of his strength, further than can be gathered from his declaration that Mr. Sherman has not assurances of thirty-five votes, (it takes forty-seven votes to nominate.) Mr. Sherman's triends, however, maintain their former estimate, and assert that the Senator has already chough vot s to secure his re-election without counting any of those classed as doubtful.

two of the Representatives-elect, about whose position

n the senatorial question there has been consider

DEPOSITS FOR THE MAVERICK BANK

Boston, Dec. 7.-The deposits of the receiver of the Mayerick National Bank with the Sub-Treasury to date amount to nearly \$2,500,000. It is not now believed that the first dividend will exceed 30 per cent and the total dividend 75 per cent.

OFFICERS OF A FINE ARTS SOCIETY.

this afternoon and at once adjourned to December The annual stockholders' meeting of the American Fine Arts Society was held last evening at No. 47 West Forty-second-st. Two hundred and seventy Rochville, Conn., Dec. 7.-The city election to-day resulted in the election of William V. McNerney hares were represented. The following trustees were elected: Howard Russell Butler, Edward H. Kendall, William Balley Faxon, H. J. Hardenbergh, William H. E. L. Neath (Rep.) was elected Alderman in the First Ward, and P. J. Falvey (Dem.) in the Third Ward. Low, Horace Bradley, L. C. Tiffany, Frederick Crown-inshield, Francis C. Jones, Charles R. Lamb, E. D. French, "Joe" Evans and Augustus St. Gaudens. The trustees held a meeting immediately after the stock-Albany, Dec. 7.—Governor Hill has appointed James R. O'Gorman, County Judge of Oswego County in holders' meeting and elected the following officers: President, Howard Russell Eutler; vice president, Edward H. Kendall; treasurer, William Batley Faxon, and screetury, H. J. Hardenbergh.

CHASTISED HIM WITH A HAMMER.

Antonio Peprone and Vapino Supro, Italian fruit vendors, have lived together on the third floor of the house No. 30 Thompson-st., their wives being sisters. On Sunday night Peprone was drunk and behaved so shamefully about midnight that Supro undertook to discipline him. Taking up a hammer he struck Peprone on the head several times, fracturing his skull. Policeman Brown of the Prince-st, squad heard the screams of the women, and went into the Supro, and sent Peprone to St. Vincent's Hospital.
Supro was arraigned at the Jefferson Market Police
Court yesterday, and was held to awalt the result of
Peprone's injuries. house to stop the fight. He disarmed and arrested

BRUTALITY ON THE ELEVATED ROAD.

Colonel F. K. Hain, general manager of the Manhattan Elevated Railroad said yesterday that a thorough in-vestigation would be made of the charges made by James Brady, a gardener, who dileges that on last Friday afternoon he was brutally treated by a guard on the

Second-aye, line.

Mr. Brady, who is sixty years old, alleges that on Priday, as he was about to step off a ear at Fourteenthst the guard pushed him. Losing his balance, he clutched at the crossber. The truin had started to leave the station, and Brady had no time to jump. The guard, he says, shut the gate and left him ellinging on the out-In this way he was carried to the next station

Tar. Licerice and Tola Wafers Albay irritations of the threat. Young & Smylle, Manufacturers

FOR THE PRIMARIES TO-DAY. THE REPUBLICANS ARE HARMONIOUS.

NO TROUBLE IN THE EXIST DISTRICT-PEW CONTESTS. The election of members of the Republican County

eneral Committee and of officers for the various district associations will be held to-day. The places at which the voting will be done are as follows 1st Assembly District, No. 22 North Moore-st. Hd Assembly District, No. 466 Pearl-st.

111d Assembly District, No. 185 Eighth-st. 1Vth Assembly District, No. 187 East Broadway. Vth Assembly District, No. 123 West Houston-at-Vith Assembly District, No. 449 Grand-st. Vilth Assembly District, No. 56 Clinton Place. VII th Assembly District, No. 63 Ledlow-st.

IXth Assembly District, No. 1 Abingdon Square.

Xth Assembly District, No. 1 Abingdon Square.

Xth Assembly District, No. 107 West Thirty-fourth-st

XII h Assembly District, No. 741 Fifth-st.

XIIIth Assembly District, No. 200 Eighth-ave. XIVth Assembly District, Lincoln Club Rooms, No. 52 East Twelfth-st. XVth Assembly District, No. 449 Eighth-ave.

XVIth Assembly District, No. 427 Second-ave. XVIIth Assembly District, No. 341 West Forty-se XVIIIth Assembly District, No. 215 East Thirty-

XIXth Assembly District, Linden Hall, West Sixtyventh-st. and Boulevard. XXth Assembly District, No. 154 East Fifty-fourth-st.

XXth Assembly District, No. 154 East Fifty-fourth-st. XXIst Assembly District, No. 105 East Fifty-funth-st. XXIId Assembly District, No. 1,228 Third-ave. XXIIId Assembly District, Kehring's Hall, One-hundred-and-sixteenth-st, and Second-ave, Twenty-funth Ward, Turn Hall, No. 585 Courtlandt-ave. Twenty-fourth Ward, One-hundred-and-seventy-seventh-st, and Vanderbilt-ave.

st, and Vanderbilt-ave.

Kingsbridge, Republican Hall, Kingsbridge.

In every district the polls will be open from 3 to 0 p. m., except in the XXIst, where by request of the District Committee, the voting will begin at 0 a. m. When this request was made it was expected that there would be a lively contest. The doughty William Leave was understood to be preparing to take the war-path in quest of John Proctor Clarke's political scalp, but since then Mr. Leavy and all the other braves of the district have smoked the pipe of peace, and everything there is completely harmonious. Mr. Clarke will be chosen president of the district organization, and Mr. Blanchard will again represent the district In the Executive Committee. Mr. Brookfield will, of course, be re-elected a member of the General County Committee, and again chosen president without opposition. He talks about retiring from politics, but he is not likely to do so until after the Presidential election. There will not be so many contests as were ex-

pected. Martin W. Healey will take Mr. Grimes's place in the 1st District, but it is not likely that an opposition ticket will be run. Jeremiah Murphy, who aspired to succeed Mr. Grimes, has decided not to oppose Mr. Healy, but to turn in and help him to build up the party organization. Mr. Murphy b influential among the laboring men, and already started an organization, composed largely of men who supported Henry George, but who are now for Recan principles. Mr. Shea will be returned from the Hd; Mr. Murray, from the Hld; Mr. Collins, from the IVth, and for the first time in years there will be no fight in the Vth, Mr. Dodd will be sent to the County Executive Committee. Mr. French retiring. No changes are contemplated in the VIth or VIIth, so far as regards executive mem bers, but the contest between Brodsky and Schurman in the VIIIth may prove more secrious than is ex-pected, though the outlook is favorable for Schurman's re-election. The friends of United States Marshal Jicobus have been trying to have him elected as executive member from the IXth, and thus heal the each caused last fall over Mr. Corsa's election as member of the State Committee, but the latter's friends are truscious in favor of him for this place also. Chairman Patterson, of the Executive Committee

has a fight on his harids in the Xth District, and ho would get more sympathy in his troubles if he had interfered less with the affairs of other districts, causing some of his associates in the Executive Committee po end of trouble. serene in the XIth, XIIth and even the traditionally turbulent XIIIth, where at last the warring factions, 1 d by Gibbs and Cowle, have laid down their arms. Gibbs goes back to the Executive Committee, while Sprague, Cowle's right hand man, becomes president of the district organization. No one of course thinks of opposing ex-Coroner Nugent in the XIVth or Sheridan Shook in the XVth. Henkel goes back from the XVIth and Wanmaker from the XVIIth. The veteran Biglin will be unanimously elected to represent the XVIIIth, as Reisenweber will be in the XIXth, the rumored opposition to the latter having died out. A contest will be witnessed in the XXth, but there is little doubt that Mr. Goode will be chosen again. The XXIst has already been mentioned. Mr. Gunner will be returned in triumph from the XXIId, and Mr. Raymond will lead his army of delegates from the big XXIIId District. No murmurs of war are heard in the Annexed District, so that the return of Mr. Ten Eyck from the Mr. Stearns from the Twenty-fourth Ward and Mr. Richards from Kingsbridge may be confidently ex pected.

The new County Committee will consist of 714 members, the same number as is in the present or-ganization. The number of delegates to it from each district is as follows:

The places at which the primaries will be held are as follows:

In nearly every district a praiseworthy effort has been made to select the best men possible for membership of the county and of the district committees. As a result of this, their new organization, the one that will conduct the National campaign here next year, will be one of unusual strength. It will be, moreover, as harmonious in action as a party organization can expect to be or should try to be, for a party without healthy friction is a thing as unknown as it is underirable. It is landly necessary to say, however, that the efforts of the Democratic press to make it appear that the party in New-York is on the verge of disruption because some of the local leaders disagree on matters of policy is the same effort that is made by the opposition press every year and rests upon about the same basis of fact. The party organization in this county is in good condition, and when the few weak spots in it are strengthened, which will be done in due time, the Tammany tiger may well crouch in terror and become sick at heart.

CHARTER ELECTION AT FLUSHING.

The annual charter election of Flushing, L. I., took place yesterday, and the Republicans elected three of In the four trustees. Frederick T. Morris, E. Mitchell and James Renwick, Republicans, and John Brogan, Democrat, were the successful candidates, The election passed quietly.

Several linemen were arrested last night for attempting a repair the electric wires in First-ave., between Twentyfifth and Twenty-sixth sts., which had been blown down by the storm on Friday night. Commissioner Gilroy had issued an order forbidding the replacing of the wires in the street, and directing their removal to the conduits. The po de had been instructed to see that the order was

carried out.

The arrested linemen were John Whelan, of No. 133 Sands-st., Brooklyn; Harvey Woodman, No. 1.861 Lex-ington-ave.; William Charles, No. 229 East Eighth-st.; William+Kenzie, No. 39 East Eighty-seventh-st., and Frank C. Knight, No. 500 East Eighty-second-st.

VEXATIOUS DELAY ON THE BRIDGE.

An accident happened on the Brooklyn Bridge yesterday which caused inconvenience to thousands of men and women. At 10:10 a. m. a train of five cars was being switched on the south track at the New-York end of the Bridge, when the last trucks of the last car left the track and crashed into the fence near the ticket office. The gut and rear platform of the car were wrecked, and it was half an hour before the car could be got out of the way. Meanwhile the Bridge trains stopped running and the platform at both ends became jammed with wet and disgusted people

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT SEE ROTELS. BRUNSWICK-Lady Henry Somerset, of England.
CLARENDON-Elwird J. Phelps, of Vermont. EVERETT-Miss Clara Morris. FIFTH AVENUE-Ex-Congressman George West, of Bullston, N. Y., and Henry
W. Sage, of Itanca. GHLSEY-General William P. Car-S. Army. HOFFMAN-Judge Alfred C. Coxe. of HOLLAND-Robert Garrett and wife, of Balti MURRAY BILL—Samuel Bowles, of Springfield. MEFROPOLE—Senators Edmund O'Connor. of Binghamton, and John J. Linson, of Kingston, N. Y.

Plint's Fine Purniture.

The very lowest prices for furniture at Geo. C. Flint Co.'s, 14th-st. and 6th-ave., are tempting many buyers.

LOPPY PUT TO DEATH.

THREE SHOCKS REQUIRED TO KILL HIM. DR. WARD SAYS THE EXECUTION WAS PAINLESS

-NO CONFESSION MADE. Martin D. Loppy, the wife murderer, was executed by electricity in the State Prison at Sing Sing yester day. A black flag, the signal showing that Loppy had been put to death, was holsted on the flag-pole on Warden Brown's house eight minutes after noon. The execution took place five minutes before the death signal was raised. The electric current was turned on

three times, as nearly as can be ascertained. The persons who were in the Warden's house waiting to witness the execution were Dr. Carlos MacDonald, of the State Lunacy Board; Dr. S. B. Ward, of Albany; Professor Landy, of Columbia College; Warden Isaiah Fuller and Dr. J. B. Ransom, both of Dannemora Prison; Dr. Daniels, of Buffalo; Dr. Van Glesser, of Brooklyn; Dr. W. P. Jenkins, of New-York; Mr. Barton a friend of Warden Brown, of Newburg; Chaplain Edgerton, of the Sing Sing Prison, and Chaplain Law, of the Tombs, the latter being the spiritual adviser of Loppy.

Chaplains Law and Edgerton were with Loppy during his but hours and were present when Warden Brown read the death warrant. Loppy showed no emotio when the death warrant was read to him, but sat motionless, with bowed head. After the death warrant had been read the condemned man was taken to the death chamber. Loppy was quickly placed in the execution chair and strapped to it firmly. Two electrodes, which had been moistened with salt water, were then applied to the condemned man, one covering the forehead and temples, and the other the calf of the right leg. The chair was the one used at the execution of the four murderers last July.

As soon as the witnesses arrived in the death chamber the signal was given to start the engines. The electric current was then tested carefully, showing more than 1,500 volts. As soon as Loppy was pro-nounced dend his body was taken from the chair to the adjoining room, where an autopsy was held under the direction of Drs. MacDona'd, Landy and Van Glesse-After the witnesses had signed Warden Brown's cer-tificate they left the prison and drove to the railroad station. They steadily refused to answer question concerning the execution. The doctors will make an official report of the execution and autopsy to General Lothrop, the State Superintendent of Prisons.

Warden Brown was pleased with the realt of the execution. Under his direction the prison grounds were surrounded by armed guard? before, during and after the execution. No one was allowed to cross the "death line."

Dr. Ward, of Albany, who was one of the witnesses was seen by a reporter. He said: "I, as well as the other witnesses, am pledged to maintain the strictest secrecy regarding the execution. In my opinion, it was a success. I do not believe that Loppy feit any pain. I believe that electrocution is the most sucessful form of capital punishment. I do not see an eason why reporters should be excluded from the death chamber during the execution. I believe that one of the earliest acts of the next Legislature will be to amend that portion of the law which excludes news Chanlain Law, of the Tombs, said, after the execution

that Loppy to the last had refused to make any con fession, declaring his innocence or ignorance of the At 4 o'clock p. m. Loppy's body was buried in the

prison cemetery. The body was in a rough pine box. A guard will be stationed at the grave for eight days. Martin D. Loppy was executed for the murder of woman supposed to be his wife. The crime was com woman supposed to be his wife. The crime was committed July 4, 1800, at No. 220 Chrystie-st., in this city, where they lived. No one witnessed the crime. Loppy stabbed his victim to the heart with a pair of sharp pointed seisors. Loppy's case went to the Court of Appeals, which sustained the decision of the lower courts. Several unsuccessful appeals were made to Governor Hill to commute the sentence to life imprisonment. Loppy was fifty-one years old. He was an engineer in the Union Army during the Civil War, serving as chief engineer on the transport ship Eastern States, which carried troops and supplies to join Burnside's expedition. oin Burnside's expedition

TRAFFIC ON THE BRIDGE.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES READY.

NEARLY 40,000,000 PEOPLE CARRIED DURING LAST YEAR.

The annual report of the trustees of the New-York and Brooklyn Bridge to the Mayors of New-York and Brooklyn for the year ending December 1, 1891, was ompleted last night and will be forwarded to Mayor Grant and Chapin to-day. The report, which goes into It shows that during the tetatis, is a long one. the receipts from tolls have been \$1,176,447 95, divided as follows: Promenade, \$8,221 02; carriageways. \$70,255 59 ; railroad, \$1,088,071 21. This is \$49,353 45 more than was received from the same sources during the year ending December 1, 1890. The number of The income derived from the railroad was \$56,957 11 nore than that of the previous year. The receipts from all sources for the year ending December 1, 1891, were \$1,829,785 43. This added to the balance on hand, which was \$255,676 32, makes a total of \$2,085,461 75. The expenditures amounted to \$1,732,-280 88, leaving a balance of \$353.180 87.

Of the \$540,000 paid in on construction account, of which one-third was received from New-York and two-thirds from Brooklyn, \$21,643.85 was paid out in proceedings to acquire title to real estate for the Brooklyn extension. For the real estate itself 8476,000 06 was paid, and for labor, material, etc., in both cities \$41,053 28 was paid. This leaves a balance on hand of \$22,946 66, of which \$15,297 78 is to Brooklyn's credit and \$7,648 88 to the credit of The rent roll of the Board on December 1, including

cents received from persons occupying stores under the arches in this city, and from eight companies having telephone and telegraph wires on the Bridge, was \$104,318 74 a year. The Bridge police force consists of one captain, two sergeants, three roundsmen and ninety-six policemen. Eighty-nine persons were injured or taken sick on the Bridge. Of these, three were fatally injured, and ne committed suicide

President Wagstaff, in the report, speaks of the in reased demands on the facilities for transportation on the Bridge. He refers to the engagement of the Board of Experts and the final adoption of their plan. Speaking of the lack of money for the further purchase of property and for the beginning of the terminal exension work, President Wagstaff says: "The trustees cannot too strongly urge that immediate steps be taken o relieve the existing embarrassment." The act of 891 provides that the bonds to be issued for such cans shall be thirty-year bonds, and shall bear inerest at 3 per cent, and they shall not be sold at less

President Wagstaff goes on to say that when the act vas passed it was assumed that such bonds could be disposed of easily. Owing to the condition of the money market, he says that only 360 of the bonds have been old. So long as this condition continues it will be impossible to complete the work in Washington-st., or to make progress on any other portion of the improvenents. President Wagstaff says that these facts make it necessary for the Legislature to remove the restric tion requiring the bonds to be sold at 3 per cent. In conclusion it is said that the existing delay in prosecution of the work is increasing the cost to public.

public.

In order to meet the increased demands on the Bridge cars contracts have been made for the material and crection of the extension railways in New-York and of the platforms in Brooklyn; and for duplicate boilers and cable-hauling machinery. The proposed addition to the cable-driving pism will allow four cables to be placed on the railways, of which two will always be ready for use. The machinery in all its parts will be in duplicate. To complete these plans duplicate tracks will have to be laid.

INTITATED INTO THE TAMMANY SOCIETY. of the Tammany Society held a meeting at the wigwam last night, and initiated John C. Sheehan, Tammany Hall leader of the XVIIIth Assembly District, and Assemblyman W. G. Byrne, P. H. Roche and P. F. Meyer; elected to mem-bership Senator George F. Rossch, Justice H. M. Gold-fogle, Senator H. D. Winton, of New-Jersey; Thomas F. Gilroy, ir., and Wauhope Lynn, and received the applica-tion for membership of Assemblyman William Sohmer, Ter rence Duffy and George J. Kraus.

THEY STOLE THE SUROLL OF THE LAW. Policeman John Morris, of the Eleventh Precinct, while

ate on Sunday night, saw three men walking toward him with a bundle. When the men caught sight of the police man they drepped the bundle under a wagon and ran away Morris followed the men, but failed to catch them. he went back to the wagon, picked up the bundle and took it to the Eldridge-st. station. On examination is was found that the bundle contained a beautifully illu

The Game of "Innecence Abroad' Play this JOLLY NEW GAME OF TRAVEL!



from unauthorized dealers, at what are called "cut prices, but the genuine guaranteed medicines commore, and are worth more.

If you do get the genuine, they're the cheapest medicines you can buy, for they're guaranteed in every case to benefit or curs, or you have your money back.

But you won't get the genuine, except through druggists regularly authorized as agents, and at the following uniform an long-established prices:

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Fern Dishes

add much to the decoration of the

table. We have now in stock many new

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metal, is very complete.

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the Law," used in all Hebrew services. It was tout that the scroll belonged to a Hebrew religious society, of which J. Lifkountz is president, and which holds to ser-vices at No. 91 Delancey st. The synagogue, when no required for worship, is used as a dan The scroll, which is worth probably \$500, had been taken from a wooden closet, which, although locked eat

be easily broken open with a vigorous weech free a strong arm. Up to last night the thieves had got bee caught. MR. BONNER'S PLANS FOR SUNOL.

HE WILL TROT HER IN CENTRAL PARK THE WINTER AND THEN PUT HER IN TRAINING.

There was a report in this city last night that the West. When seen by a Tribune reporter at its home, No. 8 West Fifty-sixth-st., last night, however, Mr. Bonner said that the great mare would not arrive until to-morrow or next day. He had just received a telegram from Charles Marvin, who has charge of Sunol on her trip Eastward, dated at Council Black saying that the more had arrived at Council Blafe Saturday in good condition and would start for Chings on Monday. The mare left san Francisco on Monday, November 30, in a private stable car, the property of Leland Sanford. This was attached to the regular passenger train which mykes the trip to New-York in six days and sometimes less.

Mr. Bonner said: "I have not heard of more than one horse in a thousand who would sleep or lay down in a railroad car which was in motion. It is for the reason that it was deemed advisable to put Sam on the fast passenger train so as to relieve her m much as possible from the strain of standing up. To make the trip less tedlous, she got off the car a Ogden and was taken to one of the city stables when she was allowed to rest a whole day, which she could not do in the car even when the car was not in motion. At Council Bluffs it was deemed advisable to give he a two days' rest in a city stable. Wheth Mr. Marvin will give her a day of rest in Chicago not I do not know. If he does she will not reach

In answer to a question as to what his plans for the great trofter were, Mr. Bonner said: "During the winter I shall 'jog her' or drive her at an easy trot in Central Park and on the rond so as to keep her in good health. She will be housed in my stable in West Fifty-fifth-si, with any other horses. Charles Marvin, her trainer, has left the employ of Mr. statford, and will remain the trainer of Sunol. Mr. Marsia has been anxious to come East for a long sime. It has now severed his California connections which is has filled so honorably for several years and has been engaged by Miller & Sibley, of Franklin, Penn. Mr. Sibley is a personal friend of mine and will take charge

of Sunol some of the time. When the frost is out of the ground I shall pu 2:08 1-4 if possible. I shall not allow her to run for money, my principles on that point being too well money, my principles on that point being 600 sees a public exhibition of what the mare is capable of doing. I shall send her to the track at Meadville, Pennyhich is only twenty miles from Franklin, where she can be speeded and brought into record-breaking trim. I will train her at various regulation tracks in the East and also at the Cleveland track in thio, which is one of the best regulation tracks in the country.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

EXTENT OF THIS COOL WAVE

Washington, Dec. 7.—The disturbance central this norming in New-York State has passed off the North New-England coast, followed by a cold wave and cloud, weather along the Atlantic coast, where rain has prevailed during the day. The area of high pressure has moved slowly to the eastward, and extends from California and ward up the Atlantic coast, while the pressure has de-creased rapidly at northern Rocky Mountain stations where there is apparently a disturbance of great energy the pressure being below twenty-nine inches at Edmonton in British America. Fair weather prevails in the central in British America. Fair weather prevails in the convergence of the lake regions and Northwest, with westerly winds. The telliperature has failen from 10 to 20 degrees from Texas northwest to Biscott from 10 to 20 degrees from Texas northwest to Biscott. The indications are that generally fair and much colder weather will prevail on the Atlantic coast from New-England to Florida on Tuesday; and fair weather will prevail on the Maintic coast from New-England to Florida on Tuesday; and fair weather will prevail in the central valleys and Gulf States Tuesday, and probably Wednesday.

FORECAST TILL 8 P. M. TUESDAY. For New-England, fair weather; local snows in the northern portion; colder, with a moderate cold wave; fair and slightly warmer Wednesday; westerly winds. For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, Newlorsey, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, colder, ally fair weather, with a colder wave; northwest winds; slightly warmer and fair Wednesday.

For Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and Iowa, warmer and fair.

For Western New-York, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure, as indicated by The Tribune's safe recording becometer. The broken line represents the temperature, as observed at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, Dec. S, 1 a. m.—The Tain which set in at about midnight Sunday, continued until after noon Moday, followed by slowly clearing skies. In all .48 inch of water was precipitated. In the morning the humidity was 94; but with a change of the wind from southwest to northwest this element fell to .66 at 8 p. m. The temperature ranged between 35 and 56 degrees, the averse (47) ture ranged between 35 and 56 degrees, the averse (47) to lower than on Sunday.

In and near this city to-day there will probably be cooler, fair weather.

The latest quotations of the New-York and Chicago Exchanges received on the New-York Central inch.

The Game for Christmas!

The Game of INNOCENCE ABROAD is full of FUN.

UITED FOR AIL AGES. Played on a beautiful board.

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It is NOVEL and EXCITING. It Costs \$1.25.

The HAPPY EVENINGS.

J. H. Carleton; treasurer, James Taylor; executive committee, F. Hulberg, J. H. Thomas, C. H. Woodward, J. R. ampbell, L. Moss. TAMMANY IN THE DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

About half of the 600 members of the Democratic Club responded to the call of the factions which divide the organization and went to the clubhouse, No. 617 Fifth-ave, last evening, to vote at the annual election. They found differences so far composed that the following ticket was chosen practically without opposition: President, John II, V. Arnold; vice-president, Bartow S. Weeks; secretary,